

# The Audit Plan for Bromsgrove District Council

Year ended 31 March 2017

17 March 2017

**Richard Percival** 

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Bromsgrove District Council Parkside Market Street Bromsgrove B61 8DA 30 March 2017

### Dear Members of the Audit, Standards and Governance Committee Audit Plan for Bromsgrove District Council for the year ending 31 March 2017

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This Audit Plan sets out for the benefit of those charged with governance (in the case of Bromsgrove District Council, the Audit, Standards and Governance Committee), an overview of the planned scope and timing of the audit, as required by International Standard on Auditing (UK & Ireland) 260. This document is to help you understand the consequences of our work, discuss issues of risk and the concept of materiality with us, and identify any areas where you may request us to undertake additional procedures. It also helps us gain a better understanding of the Council and your environment. The contents of the Plan have been discussed with management.

We are required to perform our audit in line with Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 and in accordance with the Code of Practice issued by the National Audit Office (NAO) on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General in April 2015. Our responsibilities under the Code are to:

-give an opinion on the Council's financial statements

-satisfy ourselves the Council has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

As auditors we are responsible for performing the audit, in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK & Ireland), which is directed towards forming and expressing an opinion on the financial statements that have been prepared by management with the oversight of those charged with governance. The audit of the financial statements does not relieve management or those charged with governance of their responsibilities for the preparation of the financial statements which give a true and fair view.

The contents of this report relate only to the matters which have come to our attention, which we believe need to be reported to you as part of our audit planning process. It is not a comprehensive record of all the relevant matters, which may be subject to change. In particular we cannot be held responsible to you for reporting all of the risks which may affect the Council or all weaknesses in your internal controls. This report has been prepared solely for your benefit. We do not accept any responsibility for any loss occasioned to any third party acting, or refraining from acting on the basis of the content of this report, as this report was not prepared for, nor intended for, any other purpose.

We look forward to working with you during the course of the audit.

Yours sincerely

### Richard Percival

### Engagement Lead

#### Chartered Accountants

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### Understanding your business and key developments

#### Key challenges

#### The Council Plan 2017 - 2020

The Council hasset out itskey priorities for the next four years in line with its six strategic priorities. These priorities include:

- Encouraging inward investment and business growth
- Supporting communities during changes to welfare and benefits
- Supporting the provision of affordable housing
- Promoting independence and reducing social isolation

Delivering the Plan's priorities will need the Council to adopt innovative approaches with its partners.

#### Local Plan

The draft Local Planidentifies 7,000 homesto find in longer term, pluspotential overspill from Birmingham. Managing the delivering the Local Plan and enhancing the transport infrastructure is a key challenge for the Council.

#### Working with partners

Bromsgrove DC is not a constituent member of the West Midlands combined authority and the devolved Worcestershire plan was not agreed. The Council has developed numerous relationships with public sector partners and businesses. Managing effective relationships with many partners and seeking the right opportunities is a continuing challenge for the Council.

#### **Financial planning**

The Chancellor detailed plans in the Autumn Statement to increase funding for Housing and Infrastructure, and further extend devolved powers to Local Authorities. The reduction in new homesbonus income (to be redirected into social care) and the move towards 100% retention of business rates are recognised as on-going risks to the Council.

The Council's Medium Term Financial Plan (MTFP) forecasts the General Fund reserve will be £3.5m at 1 April 2017. Delivery of the four year MTFP to 2020/21 includes £0.74m of General Fund balances being utilised. This will maintain £2.8m of General Fund for future use. To achieve this the MTFP includes the following annual efficiencies and savings:

2017/18 £1.11m 2018/19 £0.63m

2019/20 £0.18m

Delivery of the savings and efficiencies in 2017/18 is a key challenge for the Council.

#### Financial reporting changes

#### CIPFA Code of Practice 2016/17 (the Code)

Changesto the Code in 2016/17 reflect aims of the 'Telling the Story' project, to streamline the financial statements to be more in line with internal organisational reporting and improve accessibility to the reader of the financial statements.

The changes affect the presentation of the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement and the Movement in Reserves Statements, segmental reporting disclosures and a new Expenditure and Funding Analysis note has been introduced .The Code also requires these amendments to be reflected in the 2015/16 comparatives by way of a prior period adjustment.

#### Earlier closedown

The Accounts and Audit Regulations2015 require councils to bring forward the approval and audit of financial statements to 31 July by the 2017/2018 financial year.

#### Our response

- We are planning to complete all our substantive audit workon your financial statements by 18 August 2017.
- As part of our opinion on your financial statements, we will consider whether your financial statements accurately reflect the financial reporting changes in the 2016/17 Code.
- We will review the Council's progress in achieving the required savings and efficiencies as part of our work in reaching our VFM conclusion.
- We will keep you informed of changes to the financial reporting requirements for 2016/17 through on-going discussions and invitations to our technical update workshops.

### Materiality

In performing our audit, we apply the concept of materiality, following the requirements of International Standard on Auditing (UK & Ireland) (ISA) 320: Materiality in planning and performing an audit. The concept of materiality is fundamental to the preparation of the financial statements and the audit process and applies not only to the monetary misstatements but also to disdosure requirements and adherence to acceptable accounting practice and applicable law. An item does not necessarily have to be large to be considered to have a material effect on the financial statements. An item may be considered to be material by nature, for example, when greater precision is required (e.g. senior manager salaries and allowances).

We determine planning materiality (materiality for the financial statements as a whole is determined at the planning stage of the audit) in order to estimate the tolerable level of misstatement in the financial statements, assist in establishing the scope of our audit engagement and audit tests, calculate sample sizes and assist in evaluating the effect of known and likely misstatements in the financial statements.

We have determined planning materiality based upon professional judgement in the context of our knowledge of the Council. In line with previous years, we have calculated financial statements materiality based on a proportion of the gross expenditure of the Council. For purposes of planning the audit we have determined overall materiality to be £839,000 (being 2% of gross expenditure). In the previous year, we determined materiality to be £672,000 (being 1.5% of gross expenditure). Our assessment of materiality is kept under review throughout the audit process and we will advise you if we revise this during the audit.

Under ISA 450, auditors also set an amount below which misstatements would be dearly trivial and would not need to be accumulated or reported to those charged with governance because we would not expect that the accumulation of such amounts would have a material effect on the financial statements. "Trivial" matters are dearly inconsequential, whether taken individually or in aggregate and whether judged by any criteria of size, nature or circumstances. We have defined the amount below which misstatements would be dearly trivial to be  $\pounds$ 41,000.

ISA 320 also requires auditors to determine separate, lower, materiality levels where there are 'particular dasses of transactions, account balances or disdosures for which misstatements of lesser amounts than materiality for the financial statements as a whole could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users'. We have identified the following items where separate materiality levels are appropriate:

Balance/transaction/disclosure	Explanation	Materiality level
Related party transactions	Due to the public interest in these disclosures. Individual misstatements will also be evaluated with reference to how material they are to the other party.	£20,000 but individual issues will be evaluated with reference to the other party as well.
Disclosures of officers' remuneration, salary bandings and exit packages in the notes to the financial statements	Due to public interest in these disclosures and the statutory requirement for them to be made.	£20,000

Misstatements, including omissions, are considered to be material if they, individually or in the aggregate, could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements; Judgments about materiality are made in light of surrounding circumstances, and are affected by the size or nature of a misstatement, or a combination of both; and Judgments about matters that are material to users of the financial statements are based on a consideration of the common financial information needs of users as a group. The possible effect of misstatements on specific individual users, whose needs may vary widely, is not considered. (ISA 320)

# Significant risks identified

An audit is focused on risks. Significant risks are defined by ISAs as risks that, in the judgment of the auditor, require special audit consideration. In identifying risks, audit teams consider the nature of the risk, the potential magnitude of misstatement, and its likelihood. Significant risks are those risks that have a higher risk of material misstatement.

Significant risk	Description	Audit procedures
The revenue cycle includes fraudulent transactions	Under ISA 240 there is a presumed risk that revenue streams may be misstated due to the improper recognition of revenue. This presumption can be rebutted if the auditor concludes that there is no risk of material misstatement due to fraud relating to revenue recognition.	<ul> <li>Having considered the risk factors set out in ISA 240 and the nature of the revenue streams at Bromsgrove District Council, we have determined that the risk of fraud arising from revenue recognition can be rebutted, because:</li> <li>there is little incentive to manipulate revenue recognition</li> <li>opportunities to manipulate revenue recognition are very limited</li> <li>the culture and ethical framew orks of local authorities, including Bromsgrove District Council, mean that all forms of fraud are seen as unacceptable.</li> <li>Therefore we do not consider this to be a significant risk for Bromsgrove District Council.</li> </ul>
Management over- ride of controls	Under ISA 240 there is a non-rebuttable presumed risk that the risk of management over-ride of controls is present in all entities.	<ul> <li>Work completed to date:</li> <li>Review of accounting estimates, judgments and decisions made by management.</li> <li>Review of the journal entry process.</li> <li>Work planned:</li> <li>Further review of accounting estimates, judgments and decisions made by management.</li> <li>Selection of unusual journal entries for testing back to supporting documentation.</li> <li>Review of unusual significant transactions.</li> </ul>

"Significant risks often relate to significant non-routine transactions and judgmental matters. Non-routine transactions are transactions that are unusual, due to either size or nature, and that therefore occur infrequently. Judgmental matters may include the development of accounting estimates for which there is significant measurement uncertainty." (ISA 315) . In making the review of unusual significant transactions "the auditor shall treat identified significant related party transactions outside the entity's normal course of business as giving rise to significant risks." (ISA 550)

# Significant risks identified (continued)

We have also identified the following significant risks of material misstatement from our understanding of the entity. We set out below the work we have completed to date and the work we plan to address these risks.

Significant risk	Description	Audit procedures
CIES Disclosure Reconfiguration ('Telling the story')	CIPFA has been working on the 'Telling the Story' project, for which the aim was to streamline the financial statements and improve accessibility to the user and this has resulted in changes to the 2016/17 Code of Practice. The changes affect the presentation of income and expenditure in the financial statements and associated disclosure notes. A prior period adjustment (PPA) to restate the 2015/16 comparative figures is also required.	<ul> <li>Work planned:</li> <li>We will document and evaluate the process for the recording of the required financial reporting changes to the 2016/17 financial statements.</li> <li>We will review the re-classification of the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement (CIES) comparatives to ensure that they are in line with the Authority's internal reporting structure.</li> <li>We will review the appropriateness of the revised grouping of entries within the Movement In Reserves Statement (MIRS).</li> <li>We will test the classification of income and expenditure for 2016/17 recorded within the Cost of Services section of the CIES.</li> <li>We will test the completeness of income and expenditure by review ing the reconciliation of the CIES to the general ledger.</li> <li>We will test the classification of income and expenditure reported within the new Expenditure and Funding Analysis (EFA) note to the financial statements.</li> <li>We will review the new segmental reporting disclosures within the 2016/17 financial statements to ensure compliance with the CIPFA Code of Practice.</li> </ul>
Implementation of new revenues system (covering Housing Benefits, Council Tax and Business Rates)	The council has introduced a new revenues system in November 2016 (Civica Open revenues). This includes Housing Benefits, Council tax and Business rates modules. As this is occurring part way through the year all of the transactions from the old system will need to be accurately transferred to the new system to ensure that the information on w hich the accounts are based is complete and reflects the entire financial year.	<ul> <li>Work planned:</li> <li>We will confirm that balances have been transferred completely and accurately to the new system.</li> <li>We will review the project plan for the system implementation.</li> <li>We will review control accounts for the relevant accounts affected by the system change.</li> <li>We will complete tests of data transfer.</li> </ul>

# Significant risks identified (continued)

Significant risk	Description	Audit procedures
Valuation of pension fund net liability	The Council's pension fund asset and liability as reflected in its balance sheet represent a significant estimate in the financial statements.	<ul> <li>Work planned:</li> <li>We will identify the controls put in place by management to ensure that the pension fund liability is not materially misstated. We will also assess whether these controls were implemented as expected and whether they are sufficient to mitigate the risk of material misstatement.</li> <li>We will review the competence, expertise and objectivity of the actuary who carried out your pension fund valuation. We will gain an understanding of the basis on which the valuation is carried out.</li> <li>We will undertake procedures to confirm the reasonableness of the actuarial assumptions made.</li> <li>We will review the consistency of the pension fund asset and liability and disclosures in notes to the financial statements with the actuarial report from your actuary.</li> <li>We will seek assurance from the external auditor of the Worcestershire County Council Pension Fund (WCCPF) regarding the relevant controls and processes in place at the WMPF in order that we can rely on the outputs from the WCCPF.</li> </ul>

### Other risks identified

Reasonably possible risks (RPRs) are, in the auditor's judgment, other risk areas which the auditor has identified as an area where the likelihood of material misstatement cannot be reduced to remote, without the need for gaining an understanding of the associated control environment, along with the performance of an appropriate level of substantive work. The risk of misstatement for an RPR or other risk is lower than that for a significant risk, and they are not considered to be areas that are highly judgmental, or unusual in relation to the day to day activities of the business.

Reasonably possible risks	Description of risk	Audit procedures
Operating expenses	Year end creditors and accruals are understated or not recorded in the correct period.	<ul> <li>Work completed to date:</li> <li>Walkthrough of your controls in place over operating expenditure.</li> <li>Further work planned:</li> <li>Review the completeness of subsidiary interfaces and control account reconciliations.</li> <li>Obtain an understanding of the accruals process and test a sample of accruals (and other creditors balances).</li> <li>Cut off testing of a sample of payments after the year end.</li> </ul>
Employee remuneration	Employee remuneration accruals are understated.	<ul> <li>Work completed to date:</li> <li>Walkthrough of your controls in place over payroll expenditure.</li> <li>Review the completeness of the payroll reconciliation between the subsidiary system and the ledger. Completed to Month 9.</li> <li>Trend analysis of monthly payroll runs to Month 9.</li> <li>Testing of employee deductions to Month 9.</li> <li>Further work planned:</li> <li>Review of the year-end reconciliation of your payroll system to the general ledger.</li> <li>Update the trend analysis of the monthly payroll runs for the year.</li> <li>Update employee deductions testing for the year.</li> </ul>

"In respect of some risks, the auditor may judge that it is not possible or practicable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence only from substantive procedures. Such risks may relate to the inaccurate or incomplete recording of routine and significant classes of transactions or account balances, the characteristics of which often permit highly automated processing with little or no manual intervention. In such cases, the entity's controls over such risks are relevant to the audit and the auditor shall obtain an understanding of them." (ISA 315)

### Other risks identified (continued)

### **Other material balances and transactions**

Under International Standards on Auditing, "irrespective of the assessed risks of material misstatement, the auditor shall design and perform substantive procedures for each material class of transactions, account balance and disclosure". All other material balances and transaction streams will therefore be audited. However, the procedures will not be as extensive as the procedures adopted for the risks identified in the previous sections but will include:

- Intangible assets
- Assets held for sale
- Cash and cash equivalents
- Trade and other receivables
- Borrowings and other liabilities (long and short term)
- Provisions
- Useable and unusable reserves
- Movement in Reserves Statement and associated notes
- Statement of cash flows and associated notes
- Financing and investmentincome and expenditure

- Taxation and non-specific grants
- New note disdosures
- Officers' remuneration note
- Leases note
- Related party transactions note
- Capital expenditure and capital financing note
- Financial instruments note
- Collection Fund and associated notes

## Group audit scope and risk assessment

ISA 600 requires that as Group auditors we obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the components and the consolidation process to express an opinion on whether the group financial statements are prepared, in all material aspects, in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.

Component	Significant?	Level of response required under ISA 600	Risks identified	Planned audit approach
Bromsgrove Arts Development Trust (Artrix)	Yes	Targeted	Valuation of Artrix building	Reliance on an expert in relation to the Artrix valuation. Confirmation from Bromsgrove Arts Development Trustees in relation to income and expenditure transactions.

A targeted response is defined as follows -

The group audit team has identified one or more potential risks of material misstatement and has determined that the audit procedures at the component level are needed to respond to the risk(s).

The group audit team selects this approach whenever sufficient appropriate audit evidence for the audit of the group can be obtained by performing audit procedures that respond to the identified risk(s)

Audit procedures being targeted by either an accounting balance, class of transactions or disclosures.

### Value for Money

### Background

The Code requires us to consider whether the Council has put in place proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. This is known as the Value for Money (VfM) conclusion.

The National Audit Office (NAO) issued its guidance for auditors on value for money work for 2016/17 in November 2016. The guidance states that for local government bodies, auditors are required to give a conclusion on whether the Council has proper arrangements in place.

The guidance identifies one single criterion for auditors to evaluate:

In all significant respects, the audited body takes properly informed decisions and deploys resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people.

This is supported by three sub-criteria as set out opposite:

Sub-criteria	Detail
Informed decision making	<ul> <li>Acting in the public interest, through demonstrating and applying the principles and values of sound governance</li> <li>Understanding and using appropriate cost and performance information (including, where relevant, information from regulatory/monitoring bodies) to support informed decision making and performance management</li> <li>Reliable and timely financial reporting that supports the delivery of strategic priorities</li> <li>Managing risks effectively and maintaining a sound system of internal control</li> </ul>
Sustainable resource deployment	<ul> <li>Planning finances effectively to support the sustainable delivery of strategic priorities and maintain statutory functions</li> <li>Managing and utilising assets effectively to support the delivery of strategic priorities</li> <li>Planning, organising and developing the workforce effectively to deliver strategic priorities.</li> </ul>
Working with partners and other third parties	<ul> <li>Working with third parties effectively to deliver strategic priorities</li> <li>Commissioning services effectively to support the delivery of strategic priorities</li> <li>Procuring supplies and services effectively to support the delivery of strategic priorities.</li> </ul>

### Value for Money (continued)

#### **Risk assessment**

We have carried out an initial risk assessment based on the NAO's auditor's guidance note (AGN03). In our initial risk assessment, we considered:

- our cumulative knowledge of the Council, including work performed in previous years in respect of the VfM conclusion and the opinion on the financial statements.
- the findings of other inspectorates and review agencies
- any illustrative significant risks identified and communicated by the NAO in its Supporting Information.
- any other evidence which we consider necessary to conclude on your arrangements.

We have identified significant risks which we are required to communicate to you. These are set out overleaf.

### Reporting

The results of our VfM audit work and the key messages arising will be reported in our Audit Findings Report and in the Annual Audit Letter.

We will include our conclusion in our auditor's report on your financial statements which we will give by 30 September 2017.

# Value for money (continued)

We set out below the significant risks we have identified as a result of our initial risk assessment and the work we propose to address these risks.

Significant risk	Link to sub-criteria	Work proposed to address
<ul> <li>In year reporting to Members</li> <li>We have previously identified that improvement is needed in reliable and timely financial reporting that supports the delivery of strategic purposes. We have identified the follow ing risks for in year reporting to Members.</li> <li>Is the current and forecast financial position clearly identified?</li> <li>Is the delivery of savings to date and the risks to their achievement reported?</li> <li>Are changes from the start point budget tracked through, and is the impact on balances and reserves clear?</li> <li>Are budget variances identified and the reasons for the variance and mitigating actions explained in sufficient detail?</li> </ul>	Informed decision making – "Reliable and timely financial reporting that supports the delivery of strategic priorities".	<ul> <li>We will:</li> <li>1) Review the financial monitoring reports to determine w hether any changes to the original budget are adequately explained to Members;</li> <li>2) Review reporting to Members to determine w hether the impact on reserves and balances is clear;</li> <li>3) Review how the Council is monitoring the delivery of the Council Plan;</li> <li>4) Monitor how the Council is implementing the "Cabinet Response to the Overview &amp; Scrutiny Board Finance &amp; Budget Working Group".</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Financial sustainability</li> <li>We have previously identified that improvement is needed to planning finances effectively to support the sustainable delivery of strategic purposes and maintain statutory functions. We have identified the following risks.</li> <li>How robust is the MTFP and how well developed are savings plans?</li> <li>How is the performance dashboard for Members being implemented?</li> </ul>	Sustainable resource deployment – "Planning finances effectively to support the sustainable delivery of strategic priorities and maintain statutory functions". Informed decision making – "Understanding and using appropriate cost and performance information (including, where relevant, information from regulatory/monitoring bodies) to support informed decision making and performance management".	<ul> <li>We will:</li> <li>1) Review how the Council is monitoring delivery of the Efficiency Plan;</li> <li>2) Examine how robust the MTFP is by testing a sample of individual schemes to determine whether they are worked through appropriately and realistic;</li> <li>3) Consider progress on the review of the management structure;</li> <li>4) Review how the performance dashboard for Members is being implemented.</li> </ul>

### Other audit responsibilities

In addition to our responsibilities under the Code of Practice in relation to your financial statements and arrangements foreconomy, efficiency and effectiveness we have a number of other audit responsibilities, as follows:

- We will undertake work to satisfy ourselves that the disclosures made in your Annual Governance Statement are in line with CIPFA/SOLACE guidance and consistent with our knowledge of the Council.
- We will read your Narrative Statement and check that it is consistent with the financial statements on which we give an opinion and that the disclosures included in it are in line with the requirements of the CIPFA Code of Practice.
- We will carry out work on your consolidation schedules for the Whole of Government Accounts process in accordance with NAO instructions to auditors.
- We consider our other duties under the Act and the Code, as and when required, including:
  - We will give electors the opportunity to raise questions about your financial statements and consider and decide upon any objections received in relation to the financial statements;
  - issue of a report in the public interest; and
  - making a written recommendation to the Council, copied to the Secretary of State
- We certify completion of our audit.

### Results of interim audit work

The findings of our interim audit work, and the impact of our findings on the accounts audit approach, are summarised in the table below:

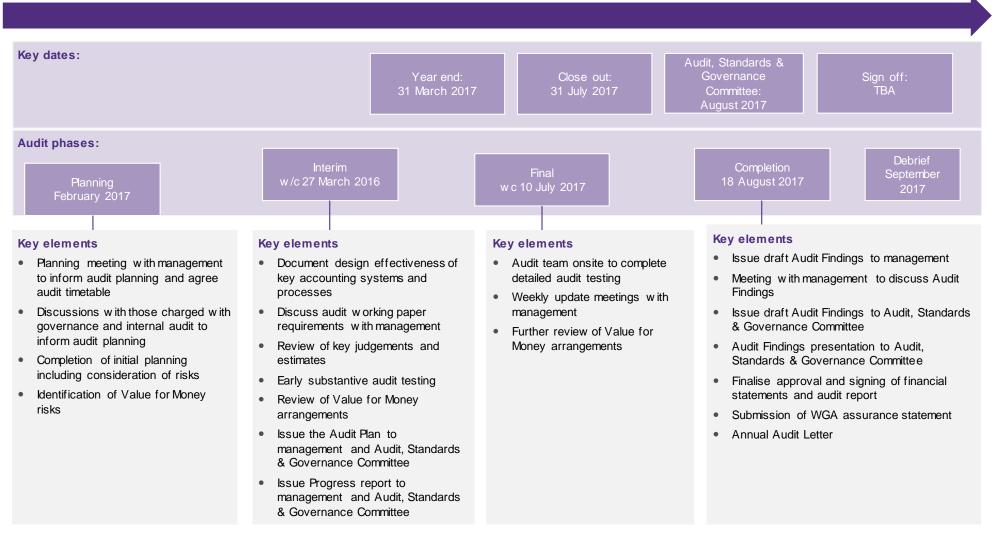
	Work performed	Conclusion
Internal audit	We have completed a high level review of internal audit's overall arrangements. Our work has not identified any issues which we wish to bring to your attention. We have also review ed internal audit's work on the Council's key financial systems to date. We have not identified any significant w eaknesses impacting on our responsibilities.	We have concluded that the internal audit service provides an independent and satisfactory service to the Council and that internal audit w ork contributes to an effective internal control environment. Our review of internal audit w ork has not identified any w eaknesses w hich impact on our audit approach.
Entity level controls	<ul> <li>We have obtained an understanding of the overall control environment relevant to the preparation of the financial statements including:</li> <li>Communication and enforcement of integrity and ethical values</li> <li>Commitment to competence</li> <li>Participation by those charged with governance</li> <li>Management's philosophy and operating style</li> <li>Organisational structure</li> <li>Assignment of authority and responsibility</li> <li>Human resource policies and practices</li> </ul>	Our work has not identified any material weaknesses which are likely to adversely impact on the Council's financial statements.

### Results of interim audit work (continued)

	Work performed	Conclusion
Walkthrough testing	<ul> <li>We have completed walkthrough tests of the Council's controls operating in areas where we consider that there is a risk of material misstatement to the financial statements. These are as follows:</li> <li>Operating expenditure</li> <li>Payroll</li> </ul>	Our work has not identified any weaknesses which impact on our audit approach.
	Our w ork has not identified any issues w hich w e w ish to bring to your attention. Internal controls have been implemented by the Council in accordance w ith our documented understanding.	
Journal entry controls	We have review ed the Council's journal entry policies and procedures as part of determining our journal entry testing strategy and have not identified any material w eaknesses which are likely to adversely impact on the Council's control environment or financial statements.	We have not identified any weaknesses relating to the Council's journal entry policies and procedures. Detailed testing will be carried out at our next visit in March along with further testing as part of year end procedures.
Early substantive testing	We have completed early substantive testing for the payroll system. We have tested 9 months of the sample.	We have not identified any issues with the testing completed to date. We are waiting for one line manager response which confirms the existence of employees. This is currently being pursued.

### The audit cycle

#### The audit timeline



### Audit Fees

#### Fees

	£
Council audit	48,680
Grant Certification (Housing Benefit Subsidy indicative fee)	7,545
Total audit fees (excluding VAT)	56,225

### **Our fee assumptions include:**

- Supporting schedules to all figures in the accounts are supplied by the agreed dates and in accordance with the agreed upon information request list
- The scope of the audit, and the Council and its activities, have not changed significantly
- The Council will make available management and accounting staff to help us locate information and to provide explanations
- The accounts presented for audit are materially accurate, supporting working papers and evidence agree to the accounts, and all audit queries are resolved promptly.

### **Grant certification**

- Our fees for grant certification cover only housing benefit subsidy certification, which falls under the remit of Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited
- Fees in respect of other grant work, such as reasonable assurance reports, are shown under 'Fees for other services'.

### Fees for other services

Fees for other services detailed on the following page, reflect those agreed at the time of issuing our Audit Plan. Any changes will be reported in our Audit Findings Report and Annual Audit Letter.

#### What is included within our fees

- A reliable and risk-focused audit appropriate for your business
- Feed back on your systems and processes, and identifying potential risks, opportunities and savings
- Invitations to events hosted by Grant Thornton in your sector, as well as the wider finance community
- Regular sector updates
- Ad-hoc telephone calls and queries
- Technical briefings and updates
- Regular contact to discuss strategy and other important areas
- A review of accounting policies for appropriateness and consistency
- Annual technical updates for members of your finance team
- Regular Audit Committee Progress Reports

### Independence and non-audit services

We confirm that there are no significant facts or matters that impact on our independence as auditors that we are required or wish to draw to your attention. We have complied with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards and we confirm that we are independent and are able to express an objective opinion on the financial statements.

We confirm that we have implemented policies and procedures to meet the requirements of the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards.

For the purposes of our audit we have made enquiries of all Grant Thornton UK LLP teams providing services to the Council. No audit related and non-audit services were identified for the Council for 2016/17.

### Communication of audit matters with those charged with governance

International Standard on Auditing (UK and Ireland) (ISA) 260, as well as other ISAs (UK and Ireland) prescribe matters which we are required to communicate with those charged with governance, and which we set out in the table opposite. This document, The Audit Plan, outlines our audit strategy and plan to deliver the audit, while The Audit Findings will be issued prior to approval of the financial statements and will present key issues and other matters arising from the audit, together with an explanation as to how these have been resolved.	Our communication plan	Audit Plan	Audit Findings
	Respective responsibilities of auditor and management/those charged with governance	~	
	Overview of the planned scope and timing of the audit. Form, timing and expected general content of communications	~	
We will communicate any adverse or unexpected findings affecting the audit on a timely basis, either informally or via a report to the Council.	Views about the qualitative aspects of the entity's accounting and financial reporting practices, significant matters and issues arising during the audit and written representations that have been sought		✓
Respective responsibilities	Confirmation of independence and objectivity	~	✓
As auditor w e are responsible for performing the audit in accordance with ISAs (UK and Ireland), which is directed tow ards forming and expressing an opinion on the financial statements that have been prepared by management with the oversight of those charged with governance. This plan has been prepared in the context of the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies issued by Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited (http://www.psaa.co.uk/appointing-auditors/terms-of-appointment/) We have been appointed as the Council's independent external auditors by the Audit Commission, the body responsible for appointing external auditors, we have a broad remit covering finance and governance matters.	A statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, relationships and other matters which might be thought to bear on independence. Details of non-audit work performed by Grant Thornton UK LLP and	1	✓
	networkfirms, together with fees charged. Details of safeguards applied to threats to independence		
	Material weaknesses in internal control identified during the audit		✓
	Identification or suspicion of fraud involving management and/or others which results in material misstatement of the financial statements		✓
Our annual work programme is set in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice ('the Code') issued by the NAO and includes nationally prescribed and locally determined	Non compliance with laws and regulations		✓
work(https://www.nao.org.uk/code-audit-practice/about-code/). Our work considers the	Expected modifications to the auditor's report, or emphasis of matter		✓
CCG's key risks when reaching our conclusions under the Code.	Uncorrected misstatements		✓
The audit of the financial statements does not relieve management or those charged with governance of their responsibilities.	Significant matters arising in connection with related parties		✓
It is the responsibility of the Council to ensure that proper arrangements are in place for the conduct of its business, and that public money is safeguarded and properly accounted for. We have considered how the Council is fulfilling these responsibilities.	Significant matters in relation to going concern	~	✓

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